WAPOR-GBS Joint Webinar

Pandemic, Governance, and Comparative Public Opinion Research



Boniface Dulani (Malawi)
Director of Survey at Afro
Barometer, Senior Lecturer
at the University of Malawi

@bonidulani @afrobarometer @WAPOR #GlobalBarometerSurvey



COVID-19 and doing public opinion surveys in Africa: Some reflections and experiences

Boniface Dulani, Director of Surveys

WAPOR-GBS Webinar on: Pandemic, Governance and Comparative Public Opinion Research

20 November 2020

About Afrobarometer

 Pan-African, non-partisan survey research network

Core objectives:

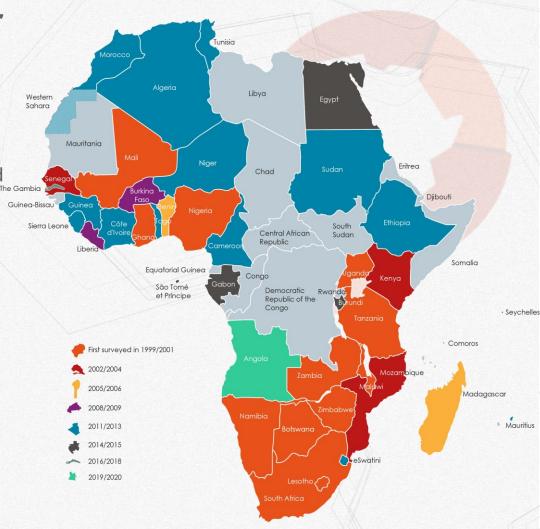
 Scientifically reliable data on views and experiences of ordinary Africans

 Build capacity for survey data collection and analysis

Broadly disseminate/apply results

 1999-present completed 7½ rounds of surveys in 38 countries

- Nationally representative samples
- Face-to-face, local language
- Signature topics: democracy, governance, and related issues



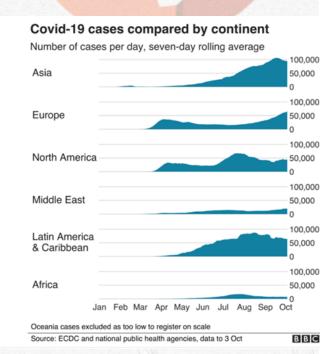
→ Give African publics a voice in policymaking by providing high-quality public opinion data to policymakers, policy advocates, civil society, academics, news media, donors and investors, and ordinary Africans



Overview of Covid-19 in Africa

- ☐ First cases recorded in Egypt (14 February, 2020)
- ☐ Since then has spread to all countries on the continent. Latest figures show:
 - □ 2,026,841 confirmed cases as of Nov. 19th, 2020
 - ☐ 48,681 deaths (3.6% of the global total deaths from the pandemic)
 - ☐ 1,714,395 recoveries
- ☐ Hardest hit countries (+100,000 cases):
 - South Africa (+760K cases; 20,671 deaths)
 - Egypt (+112K cases; 6508 deaths)
 - Ethiopia (+104K cases, 1607 deaths)





Covid-19 responses across Africa

- Initial fears that the continent's health systems would be overwhelmed
- Different responses, from lockdowns, curfews, closure of schools; social distancing, hand sanitizing, face masks etc
- Responses generally have had positive results
- However, reports of a new spike in cases across the continent



Coronavirus in Africa: Five reasons why Covid-19 has been less deadly than elsewhere

By Anne Soy Senior Africa correspondent

© 7 October

Coronavirus pandemic



Many African countries have been praised for waging an effective campaign







Afrobarometer responses to COVID-19

Effects of COVID-19 on Afrobarometer surveys

- AFRS
 BAROMETER
 Let the people have a say
- Round 8 surveys began in 2019: goal=36 countries
- Completed: 18 countries, August 2019 –
 March 2020
- Fieldwork Suspended in March following the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic across the continent.
- Face to face fieldwork has resumed October 2020



... Fieldwork activities suspended



- Afrobarometer Board recommended the suspension of fieldwork activities in March 2020
- At the time of the suspension, 16 surveys had been completed, two were in the field (Mali and Sierra Leone)
- Since both Mali and Sierra Leone had not reported any COVID-19 cases at the time, they were allowed to complete fieldwork activities.
- Afrobarometer staff were advised to work from home

Preparing for fieldwork resumption...



- Development of fieldwork resumption protocols post COVID-19
- Development of remote Technical Assistance
- Development of a module on COVID-19
- Exploration of telephone surveys (to be piloted in Namibia)

Resumption of face-to-face fieldwork activities (October 2020)



- New surveys in Liberia, Niger, Mauritius); upcoming surveys in Zambia and Senegal
- Fieldwork not resuming in Cameroon; Morocco and Mozambique due to Covid-19
- Collection of telephone numbers for future quick telephone surveys
- Challenges: uncertainty; limits of telephone surveys; challenges of remote Technical Asistance





COVID-19 AND HEALTH VULNERABILITIES IN AFRICA: SOME EMERGING LESSONS FROM AB DATA

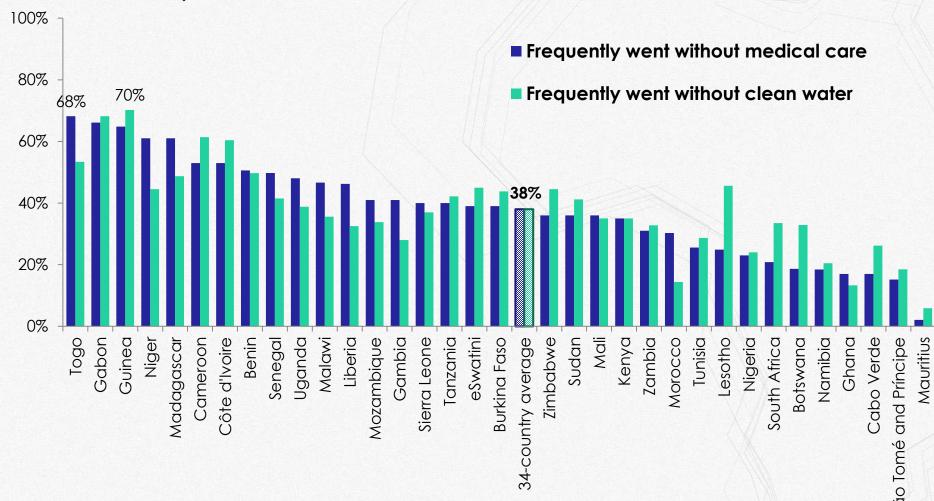
Contribution of Afrobarometer data to pandemic response:



- Highlight popular needs and priorities
- Measure living conditions, gaps in meeting basic needs
- Capture experiences, e.g. in seeking/obtaining health care
- Reveal attitudes, e.g., toward leadership and institutions
- Generate
 - → Index of vulnerability
 - → Index of lockdown capacity

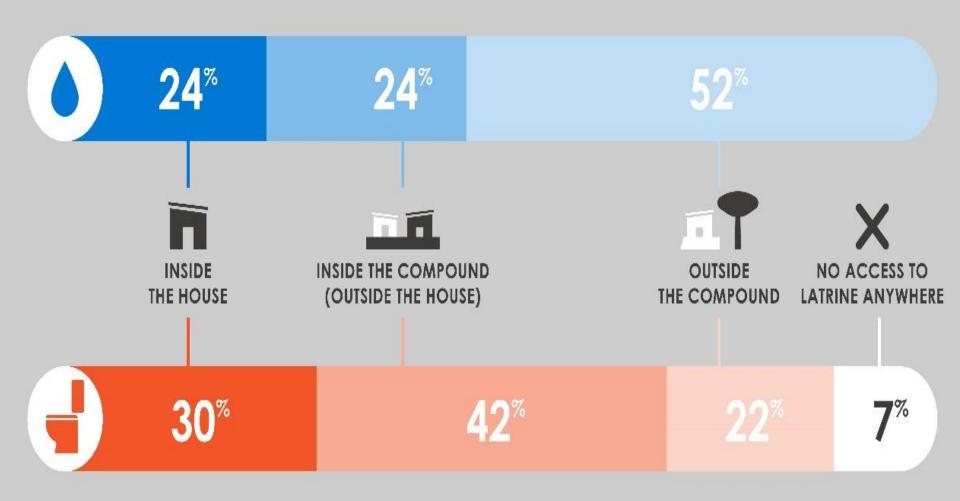
Lack of medical care and clean water

34 countries | 2016/2018



Respondents were asked: Over the past year, how often, if ever, have you or anyone in your family: Gone without $\overset{\smile}{\sim}$ enough clean water for home use? Gone without medicines or medical treatment? (% several times / many times / always)

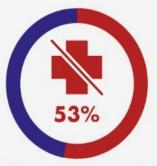




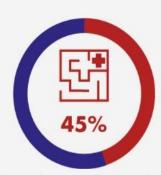
Point of access to water and sewerage 34 African countries (average) | 2016/2018



Health care in Africa: Citizens' No. 2 priority for government action 34 countries | 2016/2018



53% went without needed care at least once during the previous year



Of those who accessed health care, 45% say it was difficult to obtain needed care



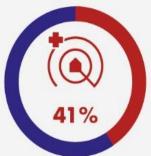
Of those who accessed health care, 13% had to pay a bribe

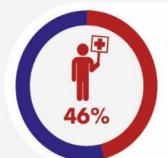






41% of enumeration areas don't have a nearby health clinic





46% say their government is performing 'fairly badly' or 'very badly' in improving basic health services



Thank you





www.afrobarometer.org

#VoicesAfrica on Twitter and Facebook

Do your own data analysis – on any question, for any country and survey round. It's easy and free at www.afrobarometer.org/online-data-analysis.